## **Introduced by Senator Runner**

February 24, 2006

An act *to add Section 89546.5 to the Education Code*, to amend Sections 905.6 and 13332.09 of the Government Code, and to amend Section 10295.1 of, and to add Section 10708.5 to, the Public Contract Code, relating to the California State University.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1724, as amended, Runner. California State University.

(1) Existing law establishes the California State University under the administration of the Trustees of the California State University. Existing law authorizes the trustees to hire officers and employees to carry out the functions of the university. Pursuant to a provision of the California Constitution, the officers and employees of the California State University are exempt from civil service.

The State Civil Service Act, among other things, enacts provisions relating to the procedure to be followed when a civil service employee is overpaid.

This bill would enact provisions relating to recovery procedures for overpayments that are applicable to employees of the California State University, and that are substantially similar to the comparable provisions in the State Civil Service Act that are related to state civil service employees.

<del>(1)</del>

(2) Existing law, the Tort Claims Act, sets forth, among other things, the procedures for filing a claim against a statewide public entity. The act specifies that a claim against the state is to be filed with

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the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board, unless the claim is against a judicial branch entity or judge of one of those entities, in which case the claim is filed with the Judicial Council. A provision of the act exempts claims against the Regents of the University of California from these procedures.

This bill would also exempt claims against the Trustees of the California State University from these procedures.

(2)

(3) Existing law requires contracts for the acquisition of motor vehicles or general mobile equipment by a state agency, as defined, to be made by or under the supervision of the Department of General Services. Existing law defines "state agency," for the purposes of this provision, to include each campus of the California State University.

This bill would remove the campuses of the California State University from the scope of this provision.

(3)

(4) Existing law prohibits, except under specified circumstances, a state department or agency, as defined, from contracting with a vendor, contractor, or an affiliate of a vendor or contractor, unless that vendor or contractor, and all of its affiliates that make sales for deliveries into California, are holders of a California seller's permit issued as prescribed. Existing law defines "state department or agency," for these purposes, to include every state office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, and the California State University, and to exclude the University of California, the Legislature, the courts, and any agency in the judicial branch of government.

This bill would also exclude the California State University from this prohibition.

(4)

(5) Existing law, the California State University Contract Law, provides, among other things, that when, in the opinion of the Trustees of the California State University, the best interests of the university so dictate, the trustees may enter into an agreement with a contractor to provide all or significant portions of the design services and construction services relating to the erection, construction, alteration, painting, repair, or improvement of a state structure, building, road, or other state improvement of any kind.

The bill would, notwithstanding a provision of existing law that requires the Department of General Services to approve, with respect

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to access compliance, plans and specifications for state buildings that are intended for use by the public and constructed with state funds, authorize the trustees to perform this function for California State University buildings and facilities that are intended for use by the public and constructed with state funds.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 89546.5 is added to the Education Code, 2 to read:

89546.5. (a) (1) When the trustees determine that an overpayment has been made to an employee, they shall notify the employee of the overpayment and afford the employee an opportunity to respond prior to commencing recoupment actions. Thereafter, reimbursement shall be made to the trustees through one of the following methods mutually agreed to by the employee and the trustees:

(A) Cash payment or payments.

- (B) Installments, through payroll deductions, to cover at least the same number of pay periods in which the error occurred. When overpayments have continued for more than one year, full payment may be required by the trustees through payroll deductions over the period of one year.
- (C) The adjustment of appropriate leave credits or compensating time off, provided that the overpayment involves the accrual or crediting of leave credits (for example, vacation, annual leave, or holiday) or compensating time off. Any errors in sick leave balances may only be adjusted with sick leave credits.
- (2) Absent mutual agreement on a method of reimbursement, the trustees shall proceed with recoupment in the manner set forth in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).
- (b) An employee who is separated from employment prior to full repayment of the amount owed shall have withheld from any money owing the employee upon separation an amount sufficient to provide full repayment. If the amount of money owing upon separation is insufficient to provide full reimbursement to the trustees, the trustees shall have the right to exercise any and all other legal means to recover the additional amount owed.

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 (c) Amounts deducted from the payment of salary or wages pursuant to this section, except as provided in subdivision (b), shall in no event exceed 25 percent of the employee's net disposable earnings.

- (d) No administrative action shall be taken by the trustees pursuant to this section to recover an overpayment unless the action is initiated within three years from the date of overpayment.
- (e) If the provisions of this section are in conflict with the provisions of a memorandum of understanding reached pursuant to Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 3560) of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code, the memorandum of understanding shall be controlling without further legislative action, except that, if the provisions of a memorandum of understanding require the expenditure of funds, the provisions shall not become effective unless approved by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act.

## SECTION 1.

- SEC. 2. Section 905.6 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 905.6. This part does not apply to claims against the Regents of the University of California or the Trustees of the California State University.

## SEC. 2.

- SEC. 3. Section 13332.09 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 13332.09. (a) No purchase order or other form of documentation for acquisition or replacement of motor vehicles shall be issued against any appropriation until the Department of General Services has investigated and established the necessity therefor.
- (b) A state agency may not acquire surplus mobile equipment from any source for program support until the Department of General Services has investigated and established the necessity therefor.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all contracts for the acquisition of motor vehicles or general use mobile equipment for a state agency shall be made by or under the supervision of the Department of General Services. Pursuant to Section 10298 of the Public Contract Code, the Department of

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General Services may collect a fee to offset the cost of the
services provided.
(d) All passenger-type motor vehicles purchased for state

- (d) All passenger-type motor vehicles purchased for state officers and employees, except constitutional officers, shall be American-made vehicles of the light class, as defined by the State Board of Control, unless excepted by the Director of General Services on the basis of unusual requirements, including, but not *necessarily* limited to, use by the California Highway Patrol, that would justify the need for a motor vehicle of a heavier class.
- (e) No general use mobile equipment having an original purchase price of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or more shall be rented or leased from a nonstate source and payment therefor made from any appropriation for the use of the Department of Transportation, without the prior approval of the Department of General Services after a determination that comparable state-owned equipment is not available, unless obtaining approval would endanger life or property, in which case the transaction and the justification for not having sought prior approval shall be reported immediately thereafter to the Department of General Services.
  - (f) As used in this section:

- (1) "General use mobile equipment" means equipment that is listed in the Mobile Equipment Inventory of the State Equipment Council and which is capable of being used by more than one state agency, and shall not be deemed to refer to equipment having a practical use limited to the controlling state agency only. Section 575 of the Vehicle Code shall have no application to this section.
- (2) "State agency" means a state agency, as defined pursuant to Section 11000. The University of California is requested and encouraged to have the Department of General Services perform the tasks identified in this section with respect to the acquisition or replacement of motor vehicles by the University of California. SEC. 3.
- 36 SEC. 4. Section 10295.1 of the Public Contract Code is 37 amended to read:
- 38 10295.1. (a) A state department or agency shall not contract 39 for the purchase of tangible personal property from a vendor, 40 contractor, or an affiliate of a vendor or contractor, unless that

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vendor, contractor, and all of its affiliates that make sales for delivery into California are holders of a California seller's permit issued pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 6066) of Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, or are holders of a certificate of registration issued pursuant to Section 6226 of the Revenue and Taxation Code. A vendor or contractor that sells tangible personal property to a state department or agency, and each affiliate of that vendor or contractor that makes sales for delivery into California, shall be regarded as a "retailer engaged in business in this-state" state," and shall be required to collect the California sales or use tax on all its sales into the state in accordance with Part 1 (commencing with Section 6001) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

- (b) Beginning on and after January 1, 2004, each vendor, contractor, or affiliate of a vendor or contractor that is offered a contract to do business with a state department or state agency shall submit to that state department or agency a copy, as applicable, of that retailer's seller's permit or certificate of registration, and a copy of each of the retailer's applicable affiliate's seller's permit or certificate of registration, as described in subdivision (a). This subdivision does not apply to a credit card purchase of goods of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or less. The total amount of exemption authorized herein shall not exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) per year for each company from which a state agency is purchasing goods by credit card. It shall be the responsibility of each state agency to monitor the use of this exemption and adhere to these restrictions on these purchases.
- (c) A state department or state agency is exempted from the provisions of subdivision (a) if the executive director, or his or her designee, of that state department or agency, or his or her designee, makes a written finding that the contract is necessary to meet a compelling state interest.
  - (d) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Affiliate of the vendor or contractor" means any person or entity that is controlled by, or is under common control of, a vendor or contractor through stock ownership or any other affiliation.

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- 1 (2) "Compelling state interest" includes, but is not *necessarily* 2 limited to, the following:
  - (A) Ensuring the provision of essential services.
  - (B) Ensuring the public health, safety, and welfare.
  - (C) Responding to an emergency, as defined in Section 1102.
  - (3) "State department or agency" means every state office, department, division, bureau, board, and commission, but does not include the University of California, the California State University, the Legislature, the courts, and any agency in the judicial branch of government.

SEC. 4.

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- 12 SEC. 5. Section 10708.5 is added to the Public Contract 13 Code, to read:
- 14 10708.5. Notwithstanding Section 4454 of the Government 15 Code, the trustees shall review, for compliance with the California Building Standards Code and, specifically, for 16 17 compliance with the access compliance provisions, as adopted by 18 the California Building Standards Commission for application to 19 state agencies, plans and specifications for all California State 20 University buildings and facilities that are intended for use by the 21 public and that are constructed, in whole or in part, with state 22 funds. No contract shall be awarded until the trustees issue 23 written approval stating that the plans and specifications comply with the intent of Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 4450) of 24
- 25 Division 5 of Title 1 of the Government Code.